

2017 Year-End Guide

Table of Contents

Introduction – page 2
Check List – page 3
Harpers Holiday Schedule – page 3
Year-End Schedule – page 4
Year-End Training – page 5
Year-End Topics – page 6
Additional Year-End Topics – page 9



To help with the additional responsibility and work that comes with Year-End we have prepared a 2017 Year End Guide as well as a 2018 Wage Base Worksheet to help promote a successful Year-End and start to 2018. The complete guide and worksheet can be found on our website at:

<http://www.harperspayroll.com/downloads/yearendguide.pdf>

<http://www.harperspayroll.com/downloads/2018LimitWageBaseWorksheet.pdf>

Key Dates:

November 10th (Friday) – Veterans Day observed – Banks and Harpers are open

November 23th (Thursday)* - Thanksgiving Day - Closed

November 24th (Friday) – The day after Thanksgiving Day – Closed

December 22nd (Friday) – Closed at noon

December 25th (Monday)* – Christmas Day – Closed

January 1st (Monday)* – New Year’s Day (observed) – Closed

***Bank Holidays:** *Reminder: Thanksgiving, Christmas and New Year’s Day are bank holidays so please consider this when preparing and submitting payroll on the holiday weeks. Please allow 48 hours from processing date to check date to ensure timely funding of direct deposit into your employees’ accounts.

Payroll Deliveries: Please be aware that delivery delays may occur due to higher than normal delivery volume during the short holiday weeks. Alternative delivery options such as Client Pick-Up (at Harpers office), Federal Express or UPS overnight or priority service are available if needed to meet your needs.

Year-End Processing Schedules:

Schedule 1 – Last Day for Adjustments is Thursday, December 28th. W2s will begin to be processed and delivered between January 2nd and January 19th.

Schedule 2 – You MUST elect this option if you determine a need to update 2017 information AFTER 12/28/2017. Please notify customerservice@harperspayroll.com to be added to schedule 2. You will receive an email confirming this election. Last Day for Adjustments is Tuesday, January 9th. W2s will begin to be processed on January 15th for delivery by January 26th.

Schedule 2 is recommended for any client that expects to have additional 2017 adjustments after December 28th (cutoff for Schedule 1).

Reminder: Effective 2017, the IRS, along with the majority of state agencies, changed the filing deadline of Year-End forms W2 and 1099 from March 31st to January 31st. As a result of this accelerated timeline, in order to ensure timely quarterly and annual filings any changes or corrections submitted after January 9th will result in amended filings and additional fees. Please ensure all of your 2017 payroll and Year-End transactions are entered timely.

Please contact your Client Service Representative at 508-753-2385 with any questions.

We thank you for your continued loyalty. We appreciate you choosing Harpers Payroll to support your payroll needs.

Happy Holidays!

Best Regards,
Harpers Payroll Services

Check List

- ✓ Verify active and terminated employees' addresses, social security numbers, date of birth and gender.
 - Harpers can submit your employee data electronically to SSA for SSN verification
 - Gender is becoming increasingly important as tax agencies require statistical data based on this information.
- ✓ Verify all calendar check dates for the end of 2017 and for the 2018 calendar year
- ✓ Determine if your business will have any type of fringe benefit or 3rd party sick pay that must appear on the 2017 W2.
- ✓ Verify 1095C ACA coding is complete by December 29th.

Harpers Holiday Schedule

Key Dates:

November 10th (Friday - Veterans Day observed – Banks and Harpers are open

November 23th (Thursday)* - Thanksgiving Day - Closed

November 24th (Friday) – The day after Thanksgiving Day – Closed

December 22nd (Friday) – Closed at noon

December 25th (Monday)* – Christmas Day – Closed

January 1st (Monday)* – New Year's Day (observed) – Closed

***Bank Holidays:** *Reminder: Thanksgiving, Christmas and New Year's Day are bank holidays so please consider this when preparing and submitting payroll on the holiday weeks. Please allow 48 hours from processing date to check date to ensure timely funding of direct deposit into your employees' accounts.

Payroll Deliveries: Please be aware that delivery delays may occur due to higher than normal delivery volume during the short holiday weeks. Alternative delivery options such as Client Pick-Up (at Harpers office), Federal Express or UPS overnight or priority service are available if needed to meet your needs.

Holiday Schedule Guidelines

- ✓ **Timely Direct Deposits** – *submit payroll by 2:00 PM two business days prior to check date*
 - Banking holidays may have an impact on the availability of funds for your employees
- ✓ **Deliveries** done via courier are scheduled to be completed by 5:00 PM the day after submission
 - Harpers does not guarantee a time for delivery other than by 5:00 PM.
 - If you have concerns regarding delivery times you may consider using alternative delivery methods such as UPS Overnight, FedEx Overnight or Pickup
- ✓ **Harpers Payroll is closed on Friday, November 25th**
 - Please plan accordingly if you normally transmit or pickup on Friday
 - Delivery of payrolls is not impacted



Year-End Processing Schedule

Harpers Payroll Services has designed two Year-End schedules to accommodate the different needs and circumstances of our client base. The schedules are as follows:

Schedule 1:

Last date for processing Year-End Adjustments	Dec 28
Last Payroll Pay Date of 2017	Dec 29
Distribute W2's	Jan 2-19
Distribute Qtr4 Quarterlies	Jan 15-31

Schedule 2:

Last date for processing Year-End Adjustments	Jan 9
Distribute W2's	Jan 15-26
Distribute Qtr4 Quarterlies	Jan 22-31

If you elect Schedule 2 – please be aware of the following items:

- ✓ You will receive an email confirming that you have elected Schedule 2. If you do not receive this confirmation, you have not been placed on Schedule 2. Please contact your Client Service Representative immediately to resolve.
- ✓ Once all adjustments have been processed and verified for accuracy, notify your Client Service Representative so that the Year-End processing can begin on your account. If you do not contact us, your account will automatically be closed out to begin the Year-End processing on January 9th at 2:00 PM.
- ✓ Any penalties and interest assessed on late payments as a result of Year-End adjustments is the client responsibility and not the responsibility of Harpers Payroll Services.

Electing Schedule 2 will allow your organization additional time to prepare Year-End adjustments for benefits such as: Group Term Life, Car Allowances, and other fringe benefits. These type of benefits are typically considered taxable compensation to the employee by the IRS (Federal), most States and Localities. Delaying these adjustments after an employee's last paycheck for the year could potentially impact the ability to deduct the required taxes from the employee. Adjustments processed after December 30th could result in an assessment of Penalties and Interest. Harpers Payroll Services will not be responsible for penalty and interest of late adjustment. Any resulting tax liability will be considered late if processed after 2:00 PM on December 28th, the deadline for Schedule 1 adjustments.

If it is anticipated that adjustments will be required after December 28th, we recommend you elect Schedule 2.

If it is determined that additional adjustments are necessary after your Year-End processing has begun (the official closing date for your elected schedule has passed) a minimum fee of \$250.00 will apply and a W2C may be required. Please contact your Client Service Representative to assist you.

IRS Deadline:

As an employer, you must furnish a W-2 for 2017 compensation to an employee by January 31, 2018. The deadline for transmittal of copies of W-2s to the Social Security Administration is also January 31, 2018.

Prior to 2016, IRS Form W-3, *Transmittal of Wage and Tax Statements*, along with copies of W-2s, were required by February 28 (or March 31, if forms submitted electronically). The PATH Act, signed into law December 2015, changed the deadline for the filing. Form W-3 must be filed with the Social Security Administration by the same date as W-2s are furnished to employees: January 31. This deadline applies whether filing by paper or electronically.



As a result of this accelerated time line, and in order to ensure timely filings of all quarterly and annual returns, any changes/corrections submitted after January 9th will result in amended filings and additional fees. Please plan accordingly to ensure all of your 2017 payroll transactions are entered before December 28th. Common Year-End payroll transactions would include, but not limited to, third party sick pay, manual checks, voided checks, SCorp, GTL, and other fringe benefits.

Year-End Training

To help with continual education and preparation for Year-End Harpers Payroll Service will be providing Year-End Webinar Training Sessions Monday through Friday beginning **Monday, November 27th through Thursday, December 21st**. There will be two sessions per day most days. The Year-End Webinar schedule is noted below. To participate in a virtual training session please email customerservice@harperspayroll.com. The participant login instructions will be forwarded.

Year-End Daily Webinar Schedule:

10:00am – Monday thru Friday
4:00pm – Monday through Thursday

Email Support

As communicated over the last several years, in an effort to enhance the level of service to our clients we introduced an **Email Support Team**. This team continues to be responsible for responding to emails sent to our general email box customerservice@harperspayroll.com offering quick solutions to general payroll related questions that do not require phone interaction.

This added contact type has not eliminated our dedicated client service model or our service phone team. Our clients continue to have access to their dedicated Client Service Representative via phone interaction for more involved inquires that may require follow up.

Year-End Topics

Items that may generate an adjustment run include but are not limited to the following:

- Manual and voided checks not entered into payroll
- Earning or deduction coding discrepancies
- Bonus or Adjustment Payrolls
- Health Premium Reporting on W2's
- Affordable Care Act Reporting (ACA – 1094/1095C Forms)
- Third Party Sick Pay
- COBRA
- Employer contribution to an HSA plan
- Group Term Life Insurance (GTL) **
- Personal use of company vehicle **
- Employee Business Expense reimbursements **
- Company paid: health club membership, parking, transportation, etc. **
- Awards, gifts, etc. **
- Auto Allowance **
- S-Corp Benefits**

** This type of adjustment must be entered on a payroll when the employee is being paid to avoid tax out-of-balances on the 941. All adjustment runs done after December 28, 2017 may result in additional penalty and interest.

Health Premium Reporting on W2's

Effective 2014 employers that report 250 or more W2's in a calendar year are required to report the total cost of health care premiums on the W2's. If you have 250 or more W2's in 2017, contact your Client Service Representative for further guidance and instructions.

Affordable Care Act (ACA) Reporting – Filing of Forms 1094/1095C

Effective 2015 organizations with 50 or more full-time equivalent employees are required to report and file 1094/1095C forms.

ACA Reporting Services help you collect and monitor the data you need in order to:

Determine Applicable Large Employer Status

- Evaluate Plan Affordability
- Monitor and Identify Full-Time Employees
 - Track average hours worked by employee
- File 1094C & 1095C Forms
 - 1094C Transmittal form
 - 1095C Employee Statement for each full time employee

As you may realize ACA Compliance and Reporting is an on-going task. Employee level coding for the 1095C Form will need to be completed by the last payroll in December. We recommend you not wait until the already busy December time frame to do your ACA coding and integrate coding of your employees in the payroll cycle process.

Attached is an "ACA Reference Card" to help guide you with common employee level coding. It is important to pay attention to new hires and terminated employees ensuring they have accurate termination dates as well as updating dependent changes, if self-insured.

It is important to update the ACA Status Tab for Full Time Benefit Eligible Employees. This will help with "bulk" updates. We can help "bulk" updates if you provide the lowest cost individual coverage and your benefits year. This information can be emailed to customerservice@harperspayroll.com.



Employee Level Coding Common Examples:

For Months that the employee was offered insurance and accepted

Offer of Coverage	1E (Plan with MEC providing min value offered to EE, dependent, and spouse)
Employee Share	Lowest rate offered (Employees Monthly amount)
Employer Relief	2C (employee enrolled in coverage offered)
Self Insurance	No (Unless you are self-insured, then this would be YES)

For Months that the employee was offered insurance and declined coverage

Offer of Coverage	1E (Plan with MEC providing min value offered to EE, dependent, and spouse)
Employee Share	Lowest rate offered (Employees Monthly amount)
Employer Relief	None- N/A
Self Insurance	No

For Months that the employee was not offered insurance because they were not employed

Offer of Coverage	1H (No offer providing minimal essential coverage)
Employee Share	0.00
Employer Relief	2A (Not Employed)
Self Insurance	No

For Months that the employee was not offered insurance because they were in waiting period

Offer of Coverage	1H (No offer providing minimal essential coverage)
Employee Share	0.00
Employer Relief	2D (Employee in a section 4980H(b) Limited Non-Assessment Period)
Self Insurance	No

Status for Employees in Limited Non-Assessment Period must match the time frame. (This is the Probation period).

Status should reflect two lines. Example: if an employee was hired Feb 21st and you have a 90 probation period there status on the ACA tab should reflect as below:

1st Status Line:

Full Time Start Date 2/1/2017 End date 5/31/2017
Limited Non-Assessment Period box checked

2nd Status Line:

Full Time Start Date 6/1/2017 End Date 12/31/2100

Your limited non-assessment period may vary depending on the length that your new employees must wait to be eligible for insurance.

Common Reporting Issues:

- Coverage no Status

- If the coverage is valid, there must be a valid status line
- If the coverage is not valid, it must be deleted
- Status no Coverage
 - If the status is valid, there must be valid coverage information
 - If the status is not valid, it must be deleted
- Overlapping dates (status/coverage)
 - Dates need to be corrected if they are overlapping months or years
- Term status no term date
 - A term date should be populated for any employee with a termination status
- Hire, Rehire and term dates must be correct
 - This is how the counts are determined, so in order for the counts to be correct, the dates need to be correct (in chronological order)
- Hire and term dates cannot be the same
 - Should make the term date the next day
- Cannot have “- -” in name or address fields
 - Remove the “- -” and replace with a single dash
- Probation – 2D, must have a status with limited non-assessment period checked off
 - If an employee has an employee relief code of 2D, which designates a probation period, there must be a line on the ACA Status screen with the same dates and limited non-assessment period checked off.
- Master employee must be chosen for ALL duplicate EE’s regardless if they are ACA eligible or not

Self-Insured Clients:

- Dependents must have a valid SSN or date of birth for Self-Insured client
- A valid SSN or date of birth must be entered for all dependents on self-insured clients

QSEHRA: A New Healthcare Reimbursement Option for Small Employers

On December 13, 2016, Congress enacted the 21st Century Cures Act, which permits an eligible employer to provide a qualified small employer health reimbursement arrangement (QSEHRA), which is not a group health plan and thus is not subject to the requirements that apply to group health plans. An eligible employer is an employer that is not an [applicable large employer](#) and that does not offer a group health plan to its employees. A QSEHRA is an arrangement that meets the following criteria: (1) the arrangement is funded solely by an eligible employer, and no salary reduction contributions may be made under the arrangement; (2) the arrangement generally is provided on the same terms to all eligible employees of the employer; (3) the arrangement provides, after the employee provides proof of coverage, for the payment or reimbursement of medical expenses incurred by the employee or the employee’s family members; and (4) the amount of the payments and reimbursements for any year do not exceed \$4,950 for employee-only arrangements or \$10,000 for arrangements that provide for payments and reimbursements of expenses of family members. These maximum dollar amounts are adjusted for inflation after 2016. For QSEHRAs provided in 2017, the maximum dollar amount for employee-only arrangements remains \$4,950, and the maximum dollar amount for arrangements that provide for payments and reimbursements for expenses of family members increases to \$10,050.

An eligible employer generally must furnish a written notice to its eligible employees at least 90 days before the beginning of a year for which the QSEHRA is provided (or, in the case of an employee who is not eligible to participate in the arrangement as of the beginning of the year, the date on which the employee is first eligible). The written notice must include: (1) a statement of the amount that would be the eligible employee’s permitted benefit under the arrangement for the year; (2) a statement that the eligible employee should provide that permitted benefit amount to any health insurance exchange to which the employee applies for advance payments of the premium tax credit; and (3) a statement that if the eligible employee is not covered under minimum

essential coverage for any month, the employee may be liable for an individual shared responsibility payment under section 5000A for that month and reimbursements under the arrangement may be includible in gross income. For years beginning after December 31, 2016, a penalty is imposed on eligible employers that fail to timely furnish eligible employees with the required written QSEHRA notice. However, an eligible employer that provides a QSEHRA to its eligible employees during 2017 will not be treated as failing to timely furnish the initial written notice if the notice is furnished to its eligible employees no later than 90 days after the enactment of the Cures Act. The 90th day after the enactment of the Cures Act is March 13, 2017. On February 27, 2017, the Treasury Department and the IRS issued [Notice 2017-20](#), which provides transition relief for 2017. Specifically, an eligible employer that provides a QSEHRA to its eligible employees during 2017 is not required to furnish the initial written notice to its eligible employees until after further guidance has been issued regarding the contents of the written notice. That further guidance will specify a deadline for providing the initial written notice that is no earlier than 90 days following the issuance of that guidance. No penalties will be imposed for failure to provide the initial written notice before the extended deadline specified in that guidance. Employers that furnish the QSEHRA notice to their eligible employees before further guidance is issued may rely upon a reasonable good faith interpretation of the statute to determine the contents of the notice.

Third Party Sick Pay

Third party sick pay must be reported to the IRS and Social Security Administration during the same tax year that the employee received the disbursement. Employers receive a copy of each disbursement when the employee is paid by the third party vendor. We strongly recommend that third party sick pay be entered into payroll when received. At a minimum it should be entered on a quarterly basis in order for the tax liability to be reported and paid during the correct liability period. The third party sick pay carrier will send an annual reconciliation of benefits, but unfortunately this usually arrives to the client after the filing deadlines of the IRS. The annual reconciliation can be compared to payroll reports to ensure accuracy. If any of your employees received a disbursement from a third party sick policy in 2017, those disbursements must be posted to payroll no later than December 30, 2017. Make sure your third party sick pay vendor knows that you need the data to report on your payroll or to Harpers Payroll Services. Late reporting of income and tax deposits due to late receipt of information from your vendor is not an acceptable explanation to the IRS.

Please make sure that you are aware of your filing requirements when entering third party sick pay into payroll. There are several different methods accepted for reporting Third Party Sick Pay, and it will be necessary to know who will be responsible for issuing the W2 for the wages paid by the vendor. In some instances the vendor issues the W2's and the employer is only responsible for reporting the wages and paying the employer portion of taxes. This information is extremely important to ensuring accurate filings. Please contact your client service representative for assistance.

Bonus or Adjustment Payrolls

Please notify Harpers in advance of changes to your processing dates and any special instructions for additional payrolls. Due to the substantial increase in adjustment and bonus payrolls Harpers receives from clients in November and December, for Harpers to maintain the high level of client service that you are accustomed to, we require that all clients adhere to the following specifications:

- ✓ Your normal payroll transmission time is a minimum of 2 business days before check date.
- ✓ Due to time constraints, all adjustments must be completed before your last payroll of the year. Remember, no matter how early you submit your adjustment or bonus payrolls; the check date activates the money movement from your account.

Note: Your bonus or adjustment payroll, either by itself or in combination with a payroll with the same filing period, may generate federal tax liabilities in excess of \$100K. The tax deposit becomes due the next business day



after the check date. Please make sure all payrolls are submitted on time so tax deposits can be paid within federal and state guidelines.

Additional Year-End Topics

Company Policy Changes

Changes to company policies that are intended to affect payroll in 2018 should be emailed to your Harpers Client Service Representative or customerservice@harperspayroll.com no later than November 30, 2017. These changes include but are not limited to: pay frequencies, insurance rate changes, time off policies, general ledger, 401k, etc. This gives our Client Service Team time to set-up and test changes before implementation. We cannot guarantee the implementation of policy changes for the first payroll of 2018 on requests received after November 30, 2017.

Massachusetts (MA) Mandatory Sick Law

If you haven't set up your accrual for Massachusetts Sick Law, for assistance in setting up a sick time accrual code contact your Client Service Representative or reply to customerservice@harperspayroll.com.

Effective July 1, 2015, most employers are required to provide **up to 40 hours of paid or unpaid sick time per calendar year** to employees, as follows:

- Employers that employ **11 or more employees** must provide **paid** sick time.
 - Note: All employees performing work for compensation on a full-time, part-time or temporary basis are to be counted.
- All employees not entitled to paid sick time under the law are generally entitled to **unpaid sick time**.

Accrual of Sick Time

- Employers generally must provide a **minimum of one hour of earned sick time for every 30 hours worked** by an employee.
- An employee begins accruing earned sick time starting with his or her date of hire or July 1, 2015, whichever is later.
- An employee is not entitled to use accrued earned sick time until the **90th calendar day** following commencement of his or her employment. On and after this 90 day period, an employee may use earned sick time as it accrues.
 - Note: An employer may allow the accrual of earned sick time at a faster rate, or the use of mandatory sick time at an earlier date.
- Employees may carry over up to 40 hours of unused sick time to the next calendar year, but may not use more than 40 hours in a calendar year.
- Employees who are exempt from overtime requirements under the federal Fair Labor Standards Act are assumed to work 40 hours in each work week for purposes of earned sick time accrual, unless their normal work week is less than 40 hours-in which case earned sick time will accrue based on that normal work week.
- Employers are not required to pay out unused earned sick time upon the separation of employment.

Use of Sick Time

- Earned sick time must be provided by an employer for an employee to:
 - Care for the employee's child, spouse, parent, or parent of a spouse, who is suffering from a physical or mental illness, injury, or medical condition that requires home care, professional medical diagnosis or care, or preventative medical care;
 - Care for the employee's own physical or mental illness, injury, or medical condition that requires home care, professional medical diagnosis or care, or preventative medical care;

- Attend the employee's routine medical appointment or a routine medical appointment for the employee's child, spouse, parent, or parent of spouse; or
- Address the psychological, physical or legal effects of domestic violence (as defined under [state law](#)).
- If an employee misses work for a reason eligible for earned sick time, but agrees with the employer to work the same number of hours or shifts in the same or next pay period, the employee does not have to use earned sick time for the missed time, and the employer does not have to pay for that missed time.
- Employers are prohibited from requiring such an employee to work additional hours to make up for missed time, or to find a replacement employee.

Employer and Employee Requirements

- When the use of earned sick time is foreseeable, the employee must make a good faith effort to provide notice of this need to the employer in advance of the use of the earned sick time.
- An employer may generally require certification when an earned sick time period covers more than 24 consecutively scheduled work hours.
- An employer may not require that the documentation explain the nature of the illness or the details of the domestic violence.
- An employer is prohibited from delaying the taking of earned sick time or delaying pay for the period in which earned sick time was taken (for employees entitled to paid sick time) on the basis that the employer has not yet received the certification.
- Nothing in the law may be construed to require an employee to provide as certification any information from a health care provider that would be in violation of the federal [Social Security Act](#) or [Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act](#) (HIPAA).

Note: The law does not override employers' obligations under any contract, collective bargaining agreement, or employee benefit program or plan in effect on July 1, 2015 with more generous provisions than those in the earned sick leave law. Employers that have their own policies providing as much paid time off, usable for the same purposes and under the same conditions as the law, are not required to provide additional paid sick time.

Employer Medical Assistance Contribution (EMAC)

Updates in Employer Health Care Contributions and Experience Rate Schedule Adjustments for 2018 – 2019
Learn about important changes to the Employer Medical Assistance Contribution (EMAC) law. These changes will go into effect beginning January 1, 2018. For more information regarding employer health care contributions please see the below link to the Massachusetts Website.

<https://www.mass.gov/service-details/updates-in-employer-health-care-contributions-and-experience-rate-schedule>

Rhode Island (RI) Mandatory Sick Law

Effective July 1, 2018, RI requires paid sick leave for employers with 18 or more employees. For more information see press release link below from RI Legislature.

<http://www.rilegislature.gov/pressrelease/layouts/RIL.PressRelease.ListStructure/Forms/DisplayForm.aspx?List=c8baae31-3c10-431c-8dcd-9dbbe21ce3e9&ID=13217&Web=2bab1515-0dcc-4176-a2f8-8d4beebdf488>

New York Family Paid Leave Act

On June 1 2017^t, the New York State Department of Financial Services (DFS) announced the premium rate for Paid Family Leave Act. The premium rate for 2018 is 0.126%. The premium is set as a percentage of an employee's weekly wage, up to the maximum Paid Family Leave benefit based on the New York State average weekly wage (NYSAWW).



Using the current NYSAAW of \$1305.92, the maximum weekly premium of Paid Family Leave would be \$1.65 per week.

Employers that self-insure the Paid Family Leave benefits may begin deducting employee premiums as early as July 1, 2017. All other employers should contact their insurance carriers for more information on the timing of payments and employee premium deductions.

If you would like to set-up a payroll deduction for New York Paid Family Leave (NYPFL) premiums, please email customerservice@harperspayroll.com. We will set-up up the company level scripting to accommodate the employee level deduction.

For more information regarding New York Paid Family Leave, please see the below links to the New York State Website.

<https://www.ny.gov/new-york-state-paid-family-leave/helping-new-yorkers-need>

<https://www.ny.gov/new-york-state-paid-family-leave/paid-family-leave-how-it-works#eligibility>

Banking Changes

It is important to notify Harpers timely of any banking changes for your company.

2018 Payroll Calendar

Your payroll calendar automatically updates each time you process payroll. A one year calendar is kept at all times. This means that as you process a check date, your scheduling rules set-up in our system will add a new check date one year in advance. Currently the calendar year 2017 has been produced through early November 2017. At the end of December, if you need to review the calendar set-up for 2018, please contact your Client Service Representative via email and the calendar will be printed and emailed to you. If changes are required or if known bonus/commission payroll dates are to be added, please note them on the calendar and return them to your Client Service Representative.

W2 Printing

We will produce multiple W2's for any employee that has paid taxes in more than one state or local jurisdiction during the year. All W2's will be filed with the Social Security Administration electronically for all clients.

Correcting W2 data

Harpers Payroll Service emphasizes the importance of verifying all employee demographic information for Year-End. Please review all employee information carefully. Fax and Autopay clients should send any changes with payroll before your last payroll of the year. Verifying employee Social Security Numbers is extremely important to the employee and you, the employer. Correct numbers as well as names will ensure accurate Federal (SSA), State unemployment reports, accurate records for your employees' retirement and will avoid possible penalties for you.

Social Security Numbers (SSN) and W2 Reporting

According to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) "General Instructions for Forms W-2" the following is noted:

"If you do not provide the correct employee name and SSN on Form W-2, you may owe a penalty unless you have reasonable cause. For more information, see Publication 1586, Reasonable Cause Regulations & Requirements for Missing and Incorrect Name/TINs (SSN)".

SSN: Social Security Number

- An SSN will NEVER begin with 000-XX-XXXX, 666-XX-XXXX or a range of 900-999-XX-XXXX
- The fourth and fifth digits will never be 00 (XXX-00-XXX is an example of an invalid SSN)
- The last four digits will never be 0000 (XXX-XX-0000 is an example of an invalid SSN)



The IRS further states: “Do not accept an ITIN in place of an SSN for employee identification or for work. An ITIN is only available to resident and nonresident aliens who are NOT ELIGIBLE for U.S. employment and need identification for other tax purposes.”

ITIN: Individual Taxpayer Identification Number

- An ITIN begins with a “9”
- It’s format is similar to an SSN 9XX-XX-XXXX

Deferred Comp/Retirement Plan Box 13 box on the W2

(1) Any employee that contributes to a deferred compensation plan by payroll deduction will have the Retirement Plan box marked on their W2 automatically. This process is transparent to you, our client.

(2) If your company has a qualified pension plan that does not run through payroll, the Retirement Plan box should be marked for any individual that you have made contributions. This is not automated. It is the employer’s responsibility to indicate what applies in these circumstances. The “retirement plan” box is located on the employees’ miscellaneous tab in the employee module. Fax clients must notify us in writing before the W2’s are printed if they need these boxes marked.

1094/1095C Printing

If you have opted in to our ACA Services, we will produce 1094/1095C Forms for any Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) employee regardless of whether or not the individual had health insurance withheld.

W2 Billing and 1094/1095C Billing

W2 and 1094/1095C billing will appear on your last invoice in January 2018. In some instances, you may see the billing on an invoice before the receipt of the actual W2’s.

Year-End Client package will include the following:

- ✓ One set of pressure sealed employee W2’s.
- ✓ One set of employer W2’s (four to a page).
- ✓ Includes Total Record (in lieu of Form W3).
- ✓ One set of pressure sealed employee 1095C.
- ✓ One set of employer 1095Cs

Additional Year-End Services Offered:

- ✓ W2s on CD
- ✓ 1095Cs on CD

We will begin shipping W2’s and 1099’s on or about January 2, 2018. W2 reprints will be processed after all first run W2’s are completed. There will be an additional charge for W2 reprints resulting from late adjustment runs, as well as name, address, and social security number changes.

Wage reporting errors will require amendments to the IRS and State taxing agencies. Harpers will file amendments per the clients’ request. The total of all W2’s and W2C’s must equal the total of all 941’s & 941-X’s filed for the calendar year. The smallest variance will generate a notice from the SSA and other tax agencies.

1099M and 1099R

Harpers can provide employee/employer copies of forms 1099M and 1099R. All information pertaining to 1099’s must be submitted no later than your last payroll processing in December 2017. All 1099’s will be sent directly to the client for distribution to the recipient.



Harpers Payroll Service does not provide Form 1096, Annual and Transmittal as these forms are filed electronically and therefore not required. If we are printing the recipient copies of form 1099M or 1099R, we will file your 1099M and 1099R forms with the IRS on your behalf.

Taking time now to address above items will assure a smooth Year-End and avoid late tax deposits and penalties. Harpers Payroll Service will begin processing quarter end and Year-End returns after your last regularly scheduled check date for December 2017.

Keep up to date with the latest Harpers Payroll Services news and payroll changes:

Visit our website <http://www.Harpespayroll.com/>

Visit us on Facebook www.facebook.com/Harpespayroll

Visit us on Twitter <http://twitter.com/Harpespay>

Best Regards,
Harpers Client Service Team